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U. S. FOREST SERVICE, SOUTHERN REGION, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

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SECRETARY WALLACE VISITS KISATCHIE

Secretary Wallace was the guest on May 11 of the staff of Kisatchie National Forest. After addressing one of the largest crowds ever assembled in Alexandria, Louisiana (Forest Service headquarters), he visited the Robert Y. Stuart Nursery, where Nurseryman A. D. Read showed him how pine cones were cured and dried and the seed extracted. Mr. Read also showed the Secretary the seed beds in which more than 50,000,000 pine seedlings are now growing. Mr. Wallace also inspected the nursery dam and lake, the source of water supply for irrigating the seed beds.

Secretary Wallace had supper at Camp La. F-1 with the enrollees and supervisory personnel, and made a short talk which disclosed an intimate knowledge of forestry. He discussed longleaf, slash, loblolly and shortleaf pine, the weeding of nursery seed beds, and carrier drying equipment for nursery extractors in a manner that indicated he was closely in touch with such work.

The Secretary especially stressed President Roosevelt's interest in the Forest Service, stating that forestry was a favored field of governmental activity with him. He brought out

the manner in which the vast program of reforestation, coupled with rural rehabilitation, and other conservation activities, were working toward ideal social and economic conditions.

It gave the Kisatchie staff much satisfaction to claim for the Stuart Nursery and Region 8 the largest output of pine seedlings of any Forest Service nursery.

--Claude A. Brown,
Kisatchie.

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WHAT IS THE FOREST SERVICE

TVA SET-UP?

Region 8 activities are so diversified and are expanding so rapidly that there probably are a good many of us who have only a vague idea of what the TVA Unit of the Forest Service headquartered in Knoxville does. If you are one of these, you will find the following contribution from Carl Jones interesting.

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The Soil Erosion problem in the Tennessee Valley is one of vast proportions and is considered to be

rather complex. The territory embraces some 26,000,000 acres in the States of Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Kentucky, of which perhaps 2,000,000 acres are actively eroding and in serious need of erosion control measures. The solution to this problem but for the advent of the Civilian Conservation Corps would have been delayed probably for years. However, in October, 1933, twenty-five CCC Camps were assigned to the T.V.A. for soil erosion work in the Tennessee Valley and since this time the number of camps has fluctuated between nineteen and thirty-eight now authorized for this work. The latter figure includes the new fifth-period camps.

Due to the T.V.A. not being in a position to administer these camps, the U. S. Forest Service was asked to perform this duty. The Forest Service through the Chief of Project, E. A. Holcomb, is responsible for the organization, hiring of personnel, procurement of supplies and equipment, vouchering, general administration and work accomplishments, with the T.V.A. Division of Forestry and Soil Erosion being responsible for the technical aspects of the work.

The first step at the outset of this work was to establish two large forest tree nurseries, one at Nitrate Plant, Alabama, and the other at Eagle Bend near Clinton, Tennessee, and the next step was to train and develop supervisory personnel of a sufficient number to handle the job.

The work in general has progressed rapidly and undoubtedly

there has been a dent made in the controlling of erosion in the valley. The erosion has been controlled on 176,175 acres of the lands that were in the most acute condition. Included in this are such items as the construction of 60,209 check dams, planting to trees of 4,923 acres, planting to grasses 971 acres, and bank protection on an area totaling 18,883,504 square yards.

At the present time, additional camps are being established in West Tennessee and Alabama for terrace outlet work and in North Carolina for terrace outlet and other work that compares somewhat with that being done in East Tennessee and Virginia. Due to the geologic conditions of the area and variations in the characteristics of the soils, each new territory that is taken in involves new problems in technique and design of the work and of course increases the difficulties of administration.

--Carl Jones,
Asst. Chief of Project

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APPALACHIAN FORESTERS

DISCUSS FUTURE OF CCC

The Appalachian Section of the Society of American Foresters met in Asheville on May 10 and 11, with an attendance of more than 130. At the Friday afternoon session W. R. Hine of the Regional office, gave a paper on "The C.C.C. Program - is it basically sound, and if so what contribution can it make to forestry in the Appalachian territory." Discussion

indicated that it was the sense of the meeting that the C.C.C. organization might well be made permanent under a restricted set-up. Obviously the present expenditure for the work can not be long sustained. Three requirements were brought out in this connection: (1) A redefinition of the work program based on the type of useful work which can be most effectively done by the C.C.C. (2) Emphasis on the social value of the program through guidance toward more vigorous citizenship. (3) Education with special emphasis on the manual arts.

At the business session Friday evening, the Section voted to invite the parent society to hold its annual meeting in December, 1935, or January 1936, somewhere in the Southeast and that consideration be given to Asheville or Atlanta as the convention city. Durham, North Carolina, and the Duke Forest were decided upon as the place for the next Section meeting.

P. R. Camp of the Camp Manufacturing Company, Franklin, Virginia, spoke at the Saturday morning session on the Conservation Activities under the Forest Products Industries Codes.

The officers for the coming year for the Appalachian Section are: Chairman, C. F. Korstian, Director of the Duke Forest, Durham, N. C.; Vice Chairman, S. R. Broadbent, Supervisor of the Pisgah National Forest, Asheville, N.C.; and Secretary, Wm. M. Maughan, Professor of Forestry, Duke University, Durham, N.C.

--J. H. Buell

Appalachian Experiment Station

REGIONAL OFFICE EMPLOYEES

ORGANIZE FEDERAL CREDIT UNION

On May 22 a meeting was held by the members of the Regional Office for the purpose of deciding whether a Credit Union should be formed for our mutual benefit.

An address was made by Mr. L. L. Johnson of the Farm Credit Administration, Washington, D. C., and after hearing his talk it was decided that an application for a Federal Charter be submitted to Washington. This was done and a check for \$25 payable to the Treasurer of the United States was submitted as required by law. The \$25 was subscribed to by F. C. Stone, H. B. Waha, Kelly B. Heffner, George Root and H. B. Herms, each subscribing \$5. This amount will be credited to their savings account as soon as the books and supplies are received from Washington.

A Credit Union is a cooperative association operating for the purpose of promoting thrift and of creating a source of credit for provident or productive purposes. This is accomplished by members accumulating a savings with the Credit Union and receiving loans from such savings.

The business affairs are run by a Board of Directors, a Credit Committee and a Supervising Committee, all of which are elected by the members, each member having one vote, regardless of the number of shares he holds. The Directors choose a President, Vice President, Clerk, and Treasurer, or Clerk-Treasurer. The Board of Directors directs and controls the affairs of the Union; the Credit Committee approves all loans, the Supervising Committee acts as audit body and the Clerk-Treasurer keeps the records. Generally, no officer is com-

pensated for his work except the Clerk-Treasurer, and then only when the Union is large and requires a considerable amount of bookkeeping. A new member must subscribe for at least one \$5 share payable in cash or in periodical installments. He may subscribe to more shares if he desires. In addition, he must pay an entrance fee of 25¢ which is the only money he puts into the Union that he does not get back. This 25¢ entrance fee from all members goes toward organization expenses.

The funds saved by the Union may be loaned to members for a period of not greater than two years with the approval of the Credit Committee. Loans without security may not exceed \$50 and those with security may not exceed \$200, or 10% of the unimpaired capital of the Union, whichever is greater. These loans draw interest at the rate of 1% per month on the unpaid balance of the loan. The funds of the Union may be invested only in (a) loans to members, and (b) obligations of the Federal Government or securities fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Federal Government. A dividend may be declared once a year from the net earnings for that year after all operating costs, including taxes, have been deducted and after 20% has been set aside in the reserve fund.

The name of this Credit Union is to be Atlanta Forest Service Federal Credit Union. Its affairs are subject to audit by the Federal Bank Examiners the same as other banks are examined.

A similar organization was organized by the Milwaukee office of the Forest Service last November under a State Charter and at this time it is reported that their assets amount to \$2,000.

If the Credit Union is successful as organized under the present charter, it is hoped to have the charter changed so that its benefits may be extended to the entire personnel of Region 8.

As soon as the charter is received from the United States Treasurer (expected about June 15) another meeting will be held for the purpose of electing Directors and Committees.

--H. B. Herms
Regional Office

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NORTH CAROLINA FORESTRY STUDENTS

VISIT APPALACHIAN EXPERIMENT STATION.

Completing a 5,000 mile trip which took them to Bogalusa and New Orleans, Louisiana, into the Ozark Mountains of Arkansas, and back through the Tennessee Valley development, 25 members of the senior class of the Forest School at North Carolina State College, under the direction of Professor Lenthall Wyman, spent the time from May 7 to 11 at the Bent Creek Experimental Forest near Asheville, North Carolina.

They visited the Biltmore Estate near Asheville and looked over the plantations made there between 1895 and 1905 by Dr. C. A. Shenck.

They spent a whole day on the Pisgah Game Preserve with Ranger Duncan. On the Bent Creek Experimental Forest they were shown the work under way in forest influence investigations, in forest entomology, and in silviculture and fire damage appraisal. They remained in Asheville to attend the meetings of the Appalachian Section of the Society of American Foresters on Friday and Saturday, May 10 and 11.

--J. H. Buell

Appalachian Experiment Station

MR. MURPHY GOES TO SOLICITOR'S OFFICE

John A. Murphy, Law Officer for the Southern Region since its establishment, has returned to Washington where, as assistant to the Solicitor, he will devote his time to food and drug enforcement work for the Bureau of Chemistry. His place has been taken by E. F. Mynatt, formerly of the Solicitor's Office in Washington. Luck to you Mr. Murphy and a hearty welcome to Mr. Mynatt.

IMPNIRA STAND IMPROVEMENT WORK

Timber-stand improvement work has been done on 109,000 acres of the Ouachita National Forest with Impnira funds. Similar work with funds from the same source has been performed on other forests as follows:

Cherokee, 3,707 acres; DeSoto, 16,960; Pisgah, 19,184; Unaka, 15,453; Ozark, 8,336; Nantahala, 5,363.

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POPULAR TREE GUIDES

The following States in Region 8 have published pamphlets on how to identify trees:

Arkansas, Director, Extension Service, College of Agriculture, Fayetteville. (Temporarily exhausted; reprint expected soon)

Florida, State Forester, Board of Forestry, Tallahassee. 14 cents.

Georgia, Director, Extension Service, College of Agriculture, Athens. 10 cents.

Louisiana, State Forester, Department of Conservation, New Orleans.

Mississippi, Director, Extension Service, State College, Mississippi.

North Carolina, State Forester, Department of Conservation, Raleigh. 15 cents.

South Carolina, Director, Extension Service, Clemson College. (Temporarily exhausted; reprint expected soon)

Tennessee, State Forester, Department of Agriculture, Nashville.

Texas, State Forester, Texas Forest Service, College Station. 15 cents.

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GEORGIA FORESTRY ASS'N ANNUAL MEETING

Many private forest landowners of Georgia are keenly alert to the possibilities of profitable forest practice if one may judge from the meeting of

the Georgia Forestry Association, held in Macon, May 17 and 18. The Fourteenth Annual Meeting, held this year at the Dempsey Hotel, was well attended. This year's meeting set a record for attendance and provided a most interesting program of informative and inspiring addresses.

The meeting was unusual in one respect. It was definitely a meeting of forest landowners, turpentine operators and business men who were interested in growing forest products because of the profit therein to themselves and to the State. As paper after paper was read and as comments were made from the floor it was clearly apparent that the people who had gathered for the meeting of the Georgia Forestry Association included many a man who had successfully protected his saplings from fire, planted his idle forest acres or altered his turpentine practices for more conservative longer-lived operations and they had made their ventures in forestry pay.

Dr. Chas. Herty gave convincing proof of the utility of southern pine for the making of newsprint and book paper, for rayon and even cellophane. As Chairman of one session of the conference, he brought out a great deal of information on the vast potentialities of Georgia's forests as a source for pulp lumber and turpentine. W. A. Lundy, County Agricultural Agent, of Cordele; J. S. Hudson, County Commissioner, of Ellijay; J. S. Green, Turpentine operator of Butler; W. M. Oettmeier, representing the Superior Pine Products Company of Fargo; and Mr. J. Henry Gaskins, landowner of Nashville, each in turn helped to show how the various agencies in Georgia have learned the lesson of Forest Conservation, and have united for the development of Georgia's forests.

The Technical Foresters were represented by G. D. Marckworth, Head of the Division of Forestry, State College of Agriculture, Athens, who told of the remarkable growth of the Forest school; B. M. Lufburrow, State Forester, reported on the work of his Department, stating that private cooperation had increased 150% during the past two years and was continuing to expand. C. F. Evans, Assistant Regional Forester, discussed cooperation under the Clark-McNary Act and the CCC. He commended the private landowners on their success in forest management, but pointed out the fact that while private forest landowners in Georgia were doing so much for the welfare and prosperity of the State, they were being inadequately supported with appropriations. Georgia's State appropriation for protection is now less than that of Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina or Tennessee, while private and Federal funds exceed those for other Southern States.

A conference of interested landowners and others on the possibility of using CCC labor to supplant wire grass with carpet grass as a means of reducing the fire hazard in the Coastal Plain section of Georgia, was attended by Robert Fechner, Director of Emergency Conservation Work and one of the principal speakers at the convention. Mr. Fechner promised to give the matter careful study on his return to Washington.

T. Guy Woolford, the perennial President, was re-elected.

FOREST NEWS

DeSoto CCC enrollees played an heroic part in a recent Mississippi disaster. On April 6, at 10 p.m., a tornado struck Gloster, leveling over 100 houses, killing 6 people and injuring many. It continued southwest and struck the farming community near Gillsburg, killing 7. Witnesses tell of the screams of the injured and dying and the efforts of others to reach them through the debris in the darkness and rain. Enrollees from Camp F-14, 5 miles away, began rescue work immediately, and for almost two weeks all of Camps 11 and 14 and detachments from Camps 2 and 3 worked long, hard hours, rendering first aid to the injured, clearing debris, establishing temporary housing and kitchen facilities and doing everything possible to rehabilitate the area and keep up the morale of the stricken people.

This relief work was efficiently performed under the direction of the district ranger, the forest officers and the company officers. The gratitude of the local citizens was unlimited. The unselfish cooperation of the boys did much to gain the goodwill and respect for the CCC in that part of the country.

SAFETY PROGRAM REDUCES ACCIDENTS

Some months ago the DeSoto inaugurated a safety program which has produced excellent results and which brings the CCC enrollee well into the picture as a definite factor in the prevention of accidents. Each camp has a safety committee on which enrollees are in the majority. This committee makes an inspection trip once each week during the working hours, inspecting each job for unsafe conditions and methods. The report of this committee is discussed at the weekly meeting of leaders and assistant leaders. The report is then

placed in the hands of the project superintendent who is responsible for the elimination of all hazardous conditions and unsafe practices.

The program also includes lectures by the supervising personnel and others on the proper handling of explosives, fire prevention, proper handling of tools, safety in equipment handling and first aid.

The enrollees have taken an interest in this program, and accidents have been considerably reduced since its inauguration.

BLACK LOCUSTS FOR HOLLY SPRINGS

Three hundred pounds of black locust seed have been received on the Holly Springs Ranger District for the temporary Tippah Nursery, and this fall we should be able to lift three-quarter million trees for planting to control the erosion which menaces a large portion of that District.

--R. J. Riebold
Acting Forest Supervisor

FLORIDA FORESTS

CHOCTAWHATCHEE--A sawmill operated by Mobile Transient Camp No. 2, located at White Point on Choctawhatchee Bay has cut to date approximately 56,000 feet of pine for use in constructing officers' quarters, hangers, and so forth for the War Department.

Professor Lenthal Wyman and 25 forestry students from North Carolina State College of Agriculture spent a week end here and one of the highlights of their visit

was three of the class being marooned in the middle of Choctawhatchee Bay with a balky outboard motor. The craft attracted much attention of a shark (maybe it was a porpoise), so we are told.

A. D. Folweiler, Professor of Silviculture at the University of Louisiana, and five students were also guests of the Choctawhatchee Forest.

From the number of deer and deer signs seen recently, the next hunting season should offer plenty of sport. The special Okaloosa County "dog law" in effect for the past two years has operated to increase the deer in the forest.

Cast net fishing has at last made the front page, judging from waterfront activities at Camp Pinchot. The other night Assistant Supervisor Busch borrowed a cast net and the first toss bagged nine mullet. Competition after that became so keen that Supervisor Albert, not to be outdone, took his rod and caught "a big ole sloop-rigged cat fish."

--H. A. Snyder

OSCEOLA--The Forest Products Laboratory has sawed out 1,000 wooden turpentine cups, which have been treated with various materials and placed on one of the operations of the forest to determine their feasibility.

Gum Swamp echoed with the crash of falling trees and the darkies' yell of "t-i-m-b-a," as well as the roar and grind of the high-line skidding rig as operations of the Montague Timber Sale got under way.

The wheels of the big mill at Watertown turned on April 20 for the first time in three years.

A permit was granted the State Highway Commission to install a 67-foot beautification strip on National-forest land along U. S. Highway No. 90. Work has already begun and the forest will present an improved appearance to travelers and tourists when the strip is completed.

The Osceola has taken the sand for southern distributor for the Chevrolet Motor Company, having received and distributed 60 three-and-a-half ton trucks and seventeen pickup trucks during April.--H. E. Howard.

APALACHICOLA--Old hats, shirts and so forth were joyfully burned on the Apalachicola in commemoration of the completion of the timber-survey field work. Perfect weather and a determination to fool the hot summer sun did things to the schedule.

With pardonable pride we have to refer once more to the business of fishing. Here's an example of how good they are biting: Lacey Owens, from down Sumatra way, got so tired pulling them in that he let his bait hang out of the water about a foot while he rested. A large black bass jumped at the bait until drops of sweat the size of split tree insulators ran off. So Owens says

SUMTER NATIONAL FOREST

WAMBAW--Four persons charged with setting fires were brought before a magistrate during April. Three were convicted and one dismissed because of lack of evidence. The convicted were fined \$25 and the fine suspended during good behavior. Ranger Garber took advantage of the occasion to give a well-timed talk on fire prevention, as court was well attended by the local population. He was well pleased with

the outcome because it was believed that leniency with the first offenders would give better results than fines.

Landscape Architect H. A. Sullivan has started work on recreational and campground improvements.

ENOREE--Project Superintendent Sullivan of S. C. Camp F-6 reports with pride that his camp was adjudged by the Army "to be next to the best in District K".

Twenty-four Forest Service trucks, decorated with fire-prevention stickers and signs, and filled with enrollees, took part in a Forest Fire Prevention parade in Newberry. The parade included the mayor, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, boy scouts, state highway patrol, army officers and Forest Service personnel.

CROATAN--This Unit not only has the largest individual tracts but also the man who claims to be "the largest truck trail foreman in the world." He is J. C. Bryant of N. C. Camp F-15. Mr. Bryant is 6 feet 10 inches tall, weighs 350 pounds, wears a size 25 collar, and 14-EE shoes. He would appreciate his fellow workers watching out for some tent cloth for a Spring suit, a couple of ferry boats for shoes, and, above all, a cot large enough so that he won't hang over both ends.

Assistant Ranger Ed Manges has bound time to make a first-hand study of some of the wildlife in the Wambaw Unit. He did not interfere when he saw a large turkey gobbler taking care of the baby chicks while the mother was taking a day off, but he did try (unsuccessfully, we are told) to kill a large alligator to make a bag. However, he says he will try again for the valued skin.

Outlaw Fire, Sumter's Public Enemy No. 1, has behaved much better recently but has not as yet been "put on the spot."

OZARK NATIONAL FOREST

The 20 x 20 nursery refrigerator building was completed too late to receive much use this spring, but a test run was made. On March 13, 8,000 1-0 shortleaf pine seedlings were piled in a circle around a ventilating tube with the roots toward the center and packed with wet moss. A 4,000 tree bale of seedlings was also set in the refrigerator.

Two thousand seedlings each week were planted on the forest, using those from the loose pile first. The test was stopped on April 26 due to the poor condition of the remaining plants. Two thousand were discarded from the loose pile and 3600 from the bale. A white cotton-like fungus was growing on the tops of the trees and the needles unexposed to the air had turned a blackish green. When planting trees in this condition, the tops often pulled off.

The conclusion from this work was that the temperature of 40 degrees F. obtained by using $1\frac{1}{2}$ tons per week is not sufficiently low to refrigerate. The last two weeks, two tons of ice per week were used, which brought the temperature down to 36 degrees. This is believed to be adequate and will be tested early this fall.

On April 24 damage to the seedlings (six weeks old) was noticed, and two days later a heavy infestation of green caterpillar cut-worms was discovered in the straw mulch. An application of 50 pounds of bran, 2 pounds of white

arsenic and 2 quarts of cane syrup to the 160 beds (4 x 100 feet) practically wiped out the cutworms.

North Carolina Students Visit Forest

Twenty-six students from North Carolina State College, accompanied by Professor Lenthall Wyman, visited the Forest several weeks ago. They took a trip in their two school buses through the scenic White Rock Ranger District, another trip through the Bayou and Pleasant Hill Districts, stopping to see timber-stand improvement work in hardwood and pine, the earliest pine plantation at Fairview, a white oak sale area, and two towers where fire suppression was explained to the boys by Uncle Bob McCuiston. They camped in the packing house and seed extractory at the nursery.

--S. B. Helms

Acting Forest Supervisor

PISGAH NATIONAL FOREST

A school of lumber scaling was held during the month by Sr. Forest Ranger Thos. A. Wilson at Camp N. C. F-8. Several Junior Foresters, including Messrs. Olson, Detrick and Swarthout attended. Volume table work was then started by Junior Foresters Olson and Swarthout and continued by Messrs. Detrick and Nims.

With the spring planting finished in the Unaka it is interesting to note the difference in the number of trees planted per man hour under the Nira project and that planted by C.C.C. labor under the E.C.W. projects. The Nira labor planted 58 trees per man hour, 446 trees per acre, and the CCC boys planted 36.33 trees per man hour, 630 trees per acre.

Rhododendron Trail Ready for Festival

The Craggy Flats trucktrail was completed during the month, with the

exception of the last half-mile of surfacing, which is being rushed to completion in anticipation of the Rhododendron Festival June 10-16 at which time the Rhododendron Gardens are to officially be opened. Parking space to accommodate 250 cars was leveled in Bear Pen Gap and trail laid out from that point to the Gardens. More visitors are constantly finding their way to this beautiful spot.

Classes in Forestry, Road Construction, manual arts and even taxidermy, as well as first aid, are held in most of the camps, but Camp F-2 N. C. has taken the prize for individualism in instruction. The class in agriculture has planted and is caring for a garden and a class in hog raising and breeding has been started. The camp garbage will be used to feed these hogs.

Campaign Against Brush Burning

Brush burning has been a considerable source of worry to the personnel at Camp N. C. F-17 in the Uharie Purchase Unit. In an effort to remedy this condition the help of the local editor at Troy has been solicited and a fire prevention campaign is to be launched through the County newspaper.

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Supervisor Broadbent attended a meeting in Nashville, Tennessee, Friday, May 3, with Regional Forester Kircher and Assistant Regional Forester Evans. The meeting was called by the Governor and was presided over by Commissioner of Agriculture Van Cleave for the purpose of discussing ways and means of the State cooperating with the recommendations of the National Resources Board.

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There should be a C.C.C. medal for uncommon fidelity to duty. One of the boys at Camp F-11 Tennessee tangled with a wheelbarrow he was rolling, while stripping top-soil at the quarry on Big Creek, and rolled head over heels twenty-five or thirty feet down the face of the quarry. The foreman picked him up, examined him, found nothing wrong and set him on his feet. He blinked several times, looked around and inquired, "Where's my hat?" He put his hat back on his head and went to work.

--Sam R. Broadbent
Forest Supervisor

The Regional Forester is back in his office after trips to Jackson and Tallahassee. He was accompanied to Florida by Assistant Regional Forester Evans and Lewis E. Staley of the Washington Office.

H. I. Loving, Chief of Finance and Accounts, Washington, R. E. Schoonover, Fiscal Agent for Region 9, and Mr. Peterson of the Treasury Department, Washington, were recently in Atlanta to consider whether field disbursements should be handled direct from the Treasury. This system was adopted for the Departmental Service about a year ago.

George A. Duthie, Assistant Chief of the Division of Public Relations in charge of Information, attended the National Fire Prevention Convention, which opened in Atlanta May 14. On May 17 he went to Macon for the annual meeting of the Georgia Forestry Association. Mr. Duthie also visited the Florida Forests, the Southern Experiment Station at New Orleans, saw some of the erosion work on the DeSoto, and returned to Washington by plane from Memphis.

R. F. Hammatt, Assistant to the Chief Forester, is making a trip through the Southern Region, studying the forest lands being acquired under the acquisition program. More than a third of the \$30,000,000 allotted the Forest Service for land acquisition has been obligated in the Southern Region.

On June 1 the Regional Forester was the guest speaker at the annual banquet of the Forestry Club of the University of Georgia to the Forestry graduates.

Assistant Regional Forester Shaw is expected in Atlanta about June 5 after a trip to Arkansas, Florida and Mississippi.

Assistant Regional Forester Kramer will return in a day or so from a trip to the Appalachian section.

A. L. Nolson, Division of Forest and Range Management, is spending several weeks in Region 9 studying tree nursery methods.

W. W. Bowers, inspector in charge of recreational development, Division of Lands, has returned from a visit to the Florida Forests. It is expected that these forests which offer hunting, fishing, and water sports in a year-round mild climate will play an important part in the recreational development of the Southern Region.

E. W. Hadley recently spent a week's vacation at Camp Pinchot, Choctawhatchee National Forest. Mr. Hadley takes up his work this month as Supervisor of the Ouachita.

The pupils of the Valparaiso schools celebrated their closing with a picnic on the ranger station grounds at Camp Pinchot.

T. W. Woodbury, in charge of Forest Management for the California Region, recently visited the Choctawhatchee, to inspect the TSI work.

Miss Lucille Brumbach, Division of Operation, has transferred to the George Washington National Forest. She will be stationed in Harrisonburg, a short distance from her home in Winchester, Virginia.

Seen in the Regional Office corridors: Supervisor Sears, Sumter; Supervisor Stone, Nantahala; Supervisor Clark, Cherokee; Mr. Dunbar, Nantahala.

The engagement of Miss Joyce Ann Folsom of Wrightsville, Georgia, and Mr. William Lewis Garrard of Atlanta has been announced. Mr. Garrard is employed in the Division of Engineering, Regional Office.

Miss Angie Boyd, in charge of the Regional Office mail room, was married on May 18 to Joseph B. Hansen. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen motored to northern New York for their honeymoon, stopping en route in Washington, where both were formerly employed in the Departmental Service. Mrs. Hansen, a native of Georgia, transferred to Atlanta last July when the Regional Office was established and was one of the most conscientious workers on the staff during the trying period of organizing the new office. Mr. Hansen is a member of the District of Columbia Bar. The Regional Office wishes them much happiness.

T. B. Wheelis, Jr. arrived in Tallahassee on May 14. His mother and father report that he weighed eight and a half pounds.

The news of the death of Mrs. A. R. Kinney on May 24 brought many expressions of sympathy from the large number of Regional Office folks who knew Mrs. Kinney through long association with her husband. Mr. Kinney, who has been connected with the Forest Service for more than twenty year, is road superintendent on the Pisgah.

OFFICIAL STANDING

DIXIE DUCKPIN BOWLING LEAGUE

	<u>Won</u>	<u>Lost</u>
Eastern Air Lines	21	9 Final
USFS "Woodpeckers"	19 *	7
Five Points Shoe Repairs	15 *	12
USFS "Engineers"	15	15 Final
DuPont Powder Co.	9 *	18
Eastman Kodak	5 *	22

* Three games to play.

Last week only two teams met; the "Engineers" and the Eastern Air Lines. The "Engineers" took two out of three from the Airliners which puts the "Woodpeckers" in a position to win the championship for the second half of the bowling season.

The "Woodpecker" - Five Points game was postponed because of the absence of several stars on the "Woodpecker" team.

The Five Points have a team average of 96 while the "Woodpeckers" have an average of 97; it's going to be close. The cash award for first place is \$12.50, and \$7.50 for the second place team. Then, there is a playoff between the winners of each half, the cash prize being 10 bucks. But if the "Woodpeckers" fail to win the second half the Airliners get the ten spot, because they won the first half.

IN MEMORY OF WALTER GLENN THOMPSON

As most of you know, former Forest Ranger Walter Glenn Thompson of the Cherokee Forest died June 9, 1934.

We believe his life was shortened because of over-exertion in the suppression of forest fires. The U. S. Employees' Compensation Commission, however, has rejected claim for compensation.

The widow and six small children are in very bad financial straits and unable to pay some outstanding debts. Mrs. Thompson should have some financial aid in order to pay these obligations and return to her home in Virginia.

Forest Supervisor Clark has suggested that a fund be started through the DIXIE RANGER to help Mrs. Thompson return home. F. C. Stone of the Regional Office will be glad to receive contributions up to and including July 8 and transmit the money to Mrs. Thompson in one check in memory of Walter Glenn Thompson.

Glen did his bit in the World War and his health was impaired by gas. He was a loyal officer of the Forest Service--an excellent fire boss and jealous of his fire control record in his district. Let's help his wife and those kiddies.

--H. O. Stabler.

